# RYDE SECONDARY COLLEGE PARENTS AND CITIZENS ASSOCIATION 

## Constitution

Under the Associations Incorporation Act 2009

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## Part 1 - Preliminary

## 1. Definitions

(1) In this constitution:

Director-General means the Director-General of the Department of Services, Technology and Administration.
ordinary committee member means a member of the committee who is not an office-bearer of the association.
secretary means:
(a) the person holding office under this constitution as secretary of the association, or
(b) if no such person holds that office - the public officer of the association.
special general meeting means a general meeting of the association other than an annual general meeting.
the Act means the Associations Incorporation Act 2009.
the Regulation means the Associations Incorporation Regulation 2010.
(2) In this constitution:
(a) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty, and
(b) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, if the function is a duty, a reference to the performance of the duty.
(3) The provisions of the Interpretation Act 1987 apply to and in respect of this constitution in the same manner as those provisions would so apply if this constitution were an instrument made under the Act.

## Part 2 - Objectives, Functions and Delegations

## 2. Objects

(1) The objects are:
(a) to promote the interests of the school by bringing parents, citizens, students and teaching staff into close co-operation; and
(b) to assist in providing facilities and equipment for the school and in promoting the recreation and welfare of the students at the school.

## 3. Functions

(1) The functions are:
(a) to report, when requested by the Minister for Education, on the material requirements of the school and to advise on the subject of maintenance of the school, alterations and additions to school facilities, and the selection of new sites;
(b) to assist and co-operate with the teaching staff in public functions associated with the school;
(c) to be responsible for the election of parent representatives to any school council constituted at the school in consultation with the Principal of the school to ensure consistency with any guidelines for elections issued by the DirectorGeneral of Education and Communities.

## 4. Delegations

(1) The association will not exercise any authority over any matter relating to the control or management of the school.

## Part 3 - Membership

## 5. Membership generally

(1) A person is eligible to be a member of the association if:
(a) the person is a natural person, and
(b) the person is a parent or guardian of a student at Ryde Secondary College or a citizen of the school community,
(c) the person is 18 years of age,
(d) the person is not a student of Ryde Secondary College.
(2) A person is taken to be a member of the association if:
(a) the person is a natural person, and
(b) the person was:
(i) a member of the Ryde Secondary College Parents and Citizens Association prior to incorporation
(3) A person is taken to be a member of the association if the person was one of the individuals on whose behalf an application for registration of the association under section 6 (1) (a) of the Act was made.
(4) School staff members are eligible to become members of the association. The Principal of the school, or the Principal's nominee, shall be a member, ex-officio, of the association and all its committees.
(5) The register shall be updated after each general meeting by the Secretary or the Secretary's nominee.

## 6. Cessation of membership

A person ceases to be a member of the association if the person:
(a) dies, or
(b) resigns membership, or
(c) is expelled from the association, or
(d) fails to pay the annual membership fee under clause 9 (2) within 3 months after the fee is due.

## 7. Membership entitlements not transferable

A right, privilege or obligation which a person has by reason of being a member of the association:
(a) is not capable of being transferred or transmitted to another person, and
(b) terminates on cessation of the person's membership.

## 8. Register of members

(1) The Secretary of the association must establish and maintain a register of members of the association specifying the name and contact details of each person who is a member of the association.
(2) A member must not use information about a person obtained from the register to contact or send material to the person, other than for:
(a) the purposes of sending the person a newsletter, a notice in respect of a meeting or other event relating to the association or other material relating to the association, or
(b) any other purpose necessary to comply with a requirement of the Act or the Regulation.

## 9. Fees and subscriptions

(1) A member of the association must, on admission to membership, pay to the association a fee of $\$ 1$.
(2) In addition to any amount payable by the member under subclause (1), a member of the association must pay to the association an annual membership fee of $\$ 1$.

## 10. Members' liabilities

The liability of a member of the association to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the association or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the association is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid by the member in respect of membership of the association as required by clause 9 .

## 11. Resolution of disputes

(1) A dispute between a member and another member (in their capacity as members) of the association, or a dispute between a member or members and the association, are to be referred to a community justice centre for mediation under the Community Justice Centres Act 1983.
(2) If a dispute is not resolved by mediation within 3 months of the referral to a community justice centre, the dispute is to be referred to arbitration.
(3) The Commercial Arbitration Act 1984 applies to any such dispute referred to arbitration.

## 12. Disciplining of members

(1) A complaint may be made to the committee by any person that a member of the association:
(a) has refused or neglected to comply with a provision or provisions of this constitution, or
(b) has wilfully acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the association.
(2) The committee may refuse to deal with a complaint if it considers the complaint to be trivial or vexatious in nature.
(3) If the committee decides to deal with the complaint, the committee:
(a) must cause notice of the complaint to be served on the member concerned, and
(b) must give the member at least 14 days from the time the notice is served within which to make submissions to the committee in connection with the complaint, and
(c) must take into consideration any submissions made by the member in connection with the complaint.
(4) The committee may, by resolution, expel the member from the association or suspend the member from membership of the association if, after considering the complaint and any submissions made in connection with the complaint, it is
satisfied that the facts alleged in the complaint have been proved and the expulsion or suspension is warranted in the circumstances.
(5) If the committee expels or suspends a member, the secretary must, within 7 days after the action is taken, cause written notice to be given to the member of the action taken, of the reasons given by the committee for having taken that action and of the member's right of appeal under clause 13.
(6) The expulsion or suspension does not take effect:
(a) until the expiration of the period within which the member is entitled to appeal against the resolution concerned, or
(b) if within that period the member exercises the right of appeal, unless and until the association confirms the resolution under clause 13, whichever is the later.

## 13. Right of appeal of disciplined member

(1) A member may appeal to the association in general meeting against a resolution of the committee under clause 12, within 7 days after notice of the resolution is served on the member, by lodging with the secretary a notice to that effect.
(2) The notice may, but need not, be accompanied by a statement of the grounds on which the member intends to rely for the purposes of the appeal.
(3) On receipt of a notice from a member under subclause (1), the secretary must notify the committee which is to convene a general meeting of the association to be held within 28 days after the date on which the secretary received the notice.
(4) At a general meeting of the association convened under subclause (3):
(a) no business other than the question of the appeal is to be transacted, and
(b) the committee and the member must be given the opportunity to state their respective cases orally or in writing, or both, and
(c) the members present are to vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the resolution should be confirmed or revoked.
(5) The appeal is to be determined by a simple majority of votes cast by members of the association.

## Part 4 - The committee

## 14. Powers of the committee

Subject to the Act, the Regulation and this constitution and to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, the executive committee:
(a) is to control and manage the affairs of the association, and
(b) may exercise all such functions as may be exercised by the association, other than those functions that are required by this constitution to be exercised by a general meeting of members of the association, and
(c) has power to perform all such acts and do all such things as appear to the committee to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the association.

## 15. Composition and membership of committee

(1) The committee is to consist of:
(a) the office-bearers of the association, and
(b) the Principal or their nominee.
(2) The maximum number of committee members is to be 5 .
(3) The office-bearers of the association are as follows:
(a) the president,
(b) the vice-president,
(c) the treasurer,
(d) the secretary.
(4) A committee member may hold up to 2 offices (other than both the president and vice-president offices).
(5) Each member of the committee is, subject to this constitution, to hold office until the conclusion of the annual general meeting following the date of the member's election, but is eligible for re-election.
(6) Office bearers may not hold office in one position for more than two consecutive years unless there are no other nominees for the position and it is agreed by a motion at a general meeting.

## 16. Election of committee members

(1) Nominations of candidates for election as office-bearers of the association or as ordinary committee members must be made at the annual general meeting.
(2) If insufficient nominations are received, any vacant positions remaining on the committee are taken to be casual vacancies.
(3) If the number of nominations received is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled, the persons nominated are taken to be elected.
(4) If the number of nominations received exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a written ballot is to be held.
(5) The ballot for the election of office-bearers of the committee is to be conducted at the annual general meeting with the Principal or their nominee acting as the returning officer.
(6) A person nominated as a candidate for as an ordinary committee member of the association must be a member of the association.

## 17. Secretary

(1) The secretary of the association must, as soon as practicable after being appointed as secretary, lodge notice with the association of his or her address.
(2) It is the duty of the secretary to keep minutes of:
(a) all appointments of office-bearers and members of the committee, and
(b) the names of members of the committee present at a committee meeting or a general meeting, and
(c) all proceedings at committee meetings and general meetings.

## 18. Treasurer

It is the duty of the treasurer of the association to ensure:
(a) that all money due to the association is collected and received and that all payments authorised by the association are made, and
(b) that correct books and accounts are kept showing the financial affairs of the association, including full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the association.

## 19.Casual vacancies

(1) In the event of a casual vacancy occurring in the membership of the committee, the committee may appoint a member of the association to fill the vacancy and the member so appointed is to hold office, subject to this constitution, until the conclusion of the annual general meeting next following the date of the appointment.
(2) A casual vacancy in the office of a member of the committee occurs if the member:
(a) dies, or
(b) ceases to be a member of the association, or
(c) becomes an insolvent under administration within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth, or
(d) resigns office by notice in writing given to the secretary, or
(e) is removed from office under clause 19, or
(f) becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or
(g) is absent without the consent of the committee from 3 consecutive meetings of the committee, or
(h) is convicted of an offence involving fraud or dishonesty for which the maximum penalty on conviction is imprisonment for not less than 3 months, or
(i) is prohibited from being a director of a company under Part 2D. 6 (Disqualification from managing corporations) of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth.

## 20. Removal of committee members

(1) The association in general meeting may by resolution remove any member of the committee from the office of member before the expiration of the member's term
of office and may by resolution appoint another person to hold office until the expiration of the term of office of the member so removed.
(2) If a member of the committee to whom a proposed resolution referred to in subclause (1) relates makes representations in writing to the secretary or president (not exceeding a reasonable length) and requests that the representations be notified to the members of the association, the secretary or the president may send a copy of the representations to each member of the association or, if the representations are not so sent, the member is entitled to require that the representations be read out at the meeting at which the resolution is considered.

## 21. Delegation by committee to sub-committee

(1) The committee may, by instrument in writing, delegate to one or more subcommittees (consisting of such member or members of the association as the committee thinks fit) the exercise of such of the functions of the committee as are specified in the instrument, other than:
(a) this power of delegation, and
(b) a function which is a duty imposed on the committee by the Act or by any other law.
(2) A function the exercise of which has been delegated to a sub-committee under this clause may, while the delegation remains unrevoked, be exercised from time to time by the sub-committee in accordance with the terms of the delegation.
(3) A delegation under this clause may be made subject to such conditions or limitations as to the exercise of any function, or as to time or circumstances, as may be specified in the instrument of delegation.
(4) Despite any delegation under this clause, the committee may continue to exercise any function delegated.
(5) Any act or thing done or suffered by a sub-committee acting in the exercise of a delegation under this clause has the same force and effect as it would have if it had been done or suffered by the committee.
(6) The committee may, by instrument in writing, revoke wholly or in part any delegation under this clause.
(7) A sub-committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.

## Part 5 - General meetings

## 22. General meetings

(1) General meetings:
(a) will be held on the third Wednesday of each month, during school terms,
(b) be conducted from 7:00pm to 9:00pm, and
(b) will be notified on the school website
(2) The agenda will include:
(a) Welcome and apologies
(b) Minutes of the previous meeting (Receipt/Amendments/Adoption)
(c) Business arising from the previous meeting Minutes
(d) President's report
(e) Treasurer's report
(f) Correspondence
(g) Committee reports
(h) Principal's report
(i) General business

## 23. Annual general meetings -holding of

(1) The annual general meeting is to be held in November of each year.
(2) The association must hold its annual general meetings:
(a) within 6 months after the close of the association's financial year, or
(b) within such later time as may be allowed by the Director-General or prescribed by the Regulation.

## 24. Annual general meetings - calling of and business at

(1) The annual general meeting of the association is, subject to the Act and to clause 23 , to be convened on such date and at such place and time as the committee thinks fit.
(2) In addition to any other business which may be transacted at an annual general meeting, the business of an annual general meeting is to include the following:
(a) to confirm the minutes of the last preceding annual general meeting and of any special general meeting held since that meeting,
(b) to receive from the committee reports on the activities of the association during the last preceding financial year,
(c) to elect office-bearers of the association and ordinary committee members,
(d) to receive and consider any financial statement or report required to be submitted to members under the Act,
(3) An annual general meeting must be specified as such in the notice convening it.

## 25. Notice

(1) Except if the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary must, at
least 14 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, give a notice to each member specifying the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.
(2) If the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary must, at least 21 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause notice to be given to each member specifying, in addition to the matter required under subclause (1), the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.
(3) No business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting is to be transacted at the meeting except, in the case of an annual general meeting, business which may be transacted under clause 24 (2).
(4) A member desiring to bring any business before a general meeting may give notice in writing of that business to the secretary who must include that business in the next notice calling a general meeting given after receipt of the notice from the member.

## 26. Quorum for general meetings

(1) No item of business is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members entitled under this constitution to vote is present during the time the meeting is considering that item.
(2) Five members present (being members entitled under this constitution to vote at a general meeting) constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a general meeting.
(3) If within half an hour after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting:
(a) if convened on the requisition of members, is to be dissolved, and
(b) in any other case, is to stand adjourned to the next general meeting date.

## 27. Presiding member

(1) The president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president, is to preside as chairperson at each general meeting of the association.
(2) If the president and the vice-president are absent or unwilling to act, the members present must elect one of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

## 28. Making of decisions

(1) A question arising at a general meeting of the association is to be determined by either:
(a) a show of hands, or
(b) if on the motion of the chairperson or if 5 or more members present at the meeting decide that the question should be determined by a written ballot-a written ballot.
(2) If the question is to be determined by a show of hands, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or carried by a particular majority or lost, or an entry to that effect in the minute book of the association, is evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.
(3) If the question is to be determined by a written ballot, the ballot is to be conducted in accordance with the directions of the chairperson.

## 29. Special resolutions

A special resolution may only be passed by the association in accordance with section 39 of the Act.

## 30. Voting

(1) On any question arising at a general meeting of the association a member has one vote only.
(2) In the case of an equality of votes on a question at a general meeting, the chairperson of the meeting is entitled to exercise a second or casting vote.
(3) A member is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the association unless all money due and payable by the member to the association has been paid.

## 31. Proxy votes not permitted

Proxy voting must not be undertaken at or in respect of a general meeting.

## 32. Postal ballots

(1) The association does not permit postal votes

## Part 6 - Miscellaneous

## 33. Insurance

The association may effect and maintain insurance.

## 34. Funds - source

(1) The funds of the association are to be derived from entrance fees and annual subscriptions of members, donations, fund raising and, subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, such other sources as the committee determines.
(2) All money received by the association must be deposited as soon as practicable and without deduction to the credit of the association's bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution account.
(3) The association must, as soon as practicable after receiving any money, issue an appropriate receipt.

## 35. Funds - management

(1) Subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, the funds of the association are to be used in pursuance of the objects of the association in such manner as the committee determines.
(2) All cheques, must be signed by any 2 members of the committee or employees of the association, being members or employees authorised to do so by the committee.

## 36. Change of name, objects and constitution

An application to the Director-General for registration of a change in the association's name, objects or constitution in accordance with section 10 of the Act is to be made by the public officer or a committee member.

## 37. Custody of books

Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the public officer must keep in his or her custody or under his or her control all records, books and other documents relating to the association.

## 38. Inspection of books

(1) The following documents must be open to inspection, free of charge, by a member of the association at any reasonable hour:
(a) records, books and other financial documents of the association,
(b) this constitution,
(c) minutes of all committee meetings and general meetings of the association.
(2) A member of the association may obtain a copy of any of the documents referred to in subclause (1) on payment of a fee of not more than $\$ 1$ for each page copied.

## 39. Financial year

The financial year of the association is:
(a) the period of time commencing on the date of incorporation of the association and ending on the following 30 June, and
(b) each period of 12 months after the expiration of the previous financial year of the association, commencing on 1 July and ending on the following 30 June.

Appendix 1 Application for membership of association
(Clause 3 (1);
APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP OF ASSOCIATION
Rude Secondary. College Parents and Citizens Association
[rime of association]
Incorporated (incorporated under the Associations ficorporation Act 2009)
1....Aleyander Roussos
[full nannie of applicant]
of $\qquad$ 17 Bird Street Ryder NSW 21/2
[address]
Creative Director.
[occupation?
hereby apply to become a member of the abovenamed incorporated association. In the event of my admission as a member, $i$ agree to be bound by the constitution of the association for the time being in force.


Signature of applicant


1. ........Janet Elms -Smith

Date
1.
|full name]
a merrier of the association, nominate the applicant for membership of the association.

Signature of proposer


1. SUSAN BRAZIER
[fluff name]
a member of the association, second the nomination of the applicant for membership of the association.

Signature of seconder

$$
20.11-14
$$



Dale

